#### VANCOUVER HOUSE

Vancouver House is a neofuturist residential skyscraper in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. Construction of the skyscraper began in 2016 and was expected to be finished by the end of 2019, but completion was postponed to summer of 2020.

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**





**MODEL IMAGES** 

#### **PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

#### **STEPS**

- Create rectangular shape 30m ×40m
- Copy and give height if 150m
- Tapper the base to an almost triangle
- Copy that surface to 10m
- Copy Top Rectangular surface to 10m
- Select all 4 surfaces
- Use loft to connect all the surfaces



#### **SIDE VIEW 1**

#### **SIDE VIEW 2**





#### **WOODEN BENCH**

The furniture piece in the image appears to be a modern, sculptural bench made from wooden slats that are aligned in a contour pattern. It has an undulating form that follows smooth curves, creating a visually dynamic structure.

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**





#### **PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

#### **STEPS:**

- Draw a rectangle as guide box and draw side profile curve using Curve tool.
- Array that profile 5 times.
- Tapper the curve according to the profile.
- Loft all 5 surfaces.
- Generate contours with 30 as distance.
- Extrude Crv to give thickness.





#### **FRONT VIEW**





#### FURNITURE: TABLE

The furniture piece in the image is a sculptural coffee table that combines organic curves with a modern, minimalist design. It features a wavy wooden base with stacked contours, supporting a flat, transparent surface (likely glass or acrylic).

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**



#### **PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

#### **STEPS:**

- Start with a flat plane for the tabletop.
- Rebuild the flat surface in Rhino to a degree 3 surface.
- Manipulate the corners and a central point on the surface to create the undulating form.
- The contours are extruded to give the base thickness.
- Contour command to create the stacked layers for the base.













#### **VILLA GUG**

Villa GUG, offers an exhibit space for the client's high-end automobiles in a traditional garage. Resembling a sleek, concrete version of a toy-car track, the curved foundation of the dwelling loops around a central garden and recedes into the introverted garage and showroom.

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**





#### **PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

#### **STEPS:**

**MODEL IMAG** 

- Create 2 boxes with one side open using line command.
- Change the direction of one by 90°
- Place one on top of other.
- Using Arc blend create 4 curves connecting open sides.
- Ribbon the curves and make surfaces.
- ExtrudeSrf command to give thickness.



#### **TOP VIEW**

#### **SIDE VIEW**

#### **SIDE VIEW 2**



#### **SERPENTINE PAVILION**

The Serpentine Pavilion 2016: "Unzipped Wall" was designed by the architectural firm Bjarke Ingels Group (BIG). It was a temporary structure installed in London's Kensington Gardens as part of the Serpentine Pavilion series.

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**





**MODEL IMAGES** 

#### **PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

STEPS: Set up reference planes using PictureFrame. Draw main curves to represent the structure's base form using Polyline. ExtrudeCrv to generate the pavilion's walls. BooleanDifference to create open spaces or cutouts. Adjust surface edges with Control Points for the wavy, dynamic shape.



#### **TOP VIEW**

#### **SIDE VIEW**



SRUTHIRAJ

**VIEW 2** 

#### THE TWIST

The Twist is a contemporary art museum situated in the Kistefos Sculpture Park, located around a one hour drive from Oslo. The sculpture park, built around an old paper mill, occupies both embankments of the Randselva river and features sculptures.

#### **PROJECT IMAGES**





### PERSPECTIVE VIEW

## 

#### **SIDE VIEW**



#### **STEPS:**

- Make a cuboid using cube command.
- Copy the cuboid.
- Rotate the cuboid in 90° making it perpendicular to each other.
- Select and delete inner faces of both the cuboids.
- Using Blendcrv select 2 curves one from each.
- Repeat step 4 times to get the twist.
- Generate contours.

![](_page_5_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

## LADYBUG

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_3.jpeg)

**SIDE VIEW** 

![](_page_7_Picture_5.jpeg)

**TOP VIEW** 

![](_page_7_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_0.jpeg)

where the facade changes as per location of the point.

#### **PERFORMATIVE SUBDIVISION FLAT SURFACE**

# ¢ Curve

![](_page_8_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **3D MODELING**