# 21ARC81 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN - 8

NAME: BIPIN ACHAPPA N M

USN: 1AA21AT012

SEM: 08

**COLLEGE: ANRVSA** 

# ITERATURE CASE STUDY

PRIMARY HEALTHCARE CENTER, DHARMAPURI, TAMIL NADU

### INTRODUCTION:



THIS PROJECT, 20KM WEST OF DHARMAPURI IN TAMIL NADU, LIES IN THE SOUTHERNMOST PART OF THE INDIAN PENINSULA. WITH A LOW BUDJET, THE PROJECT SERVES TO IMPROVE HEALTHCARE IN THIS HOT AND SEMI-ARID RURAL REGION. THE COMPACTAND SMALL-SCALE BUILDING DISTINGUISHES BETWEEN A HIGHTECH MEDIAL CORE AND A LOW-TECH SUPPORTING LAYER.

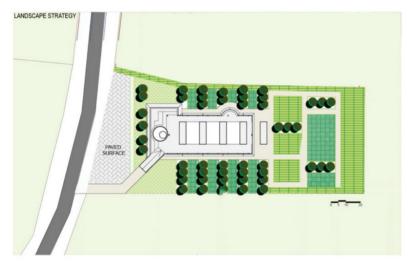
THE BUILDING IS REPORTED TO BE FUNCTIONING WELL.

DESIGNED BY: FLYING ELEPHANT STUDIO: AR.NEHA GUPTA, AR.KIRAN CHANDRA, AR. RAJESH

RENGANATHAN

CONSTRUCTION: SEPTEMBER 2011

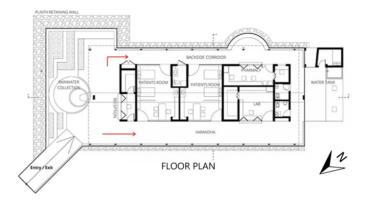
LOCATION: DHARMAPURI, TAMIL NADU, INDIA



### SITE PLAN

- STRONG FOCUS IS LAID ON THE EFFICACY OF SIMPLE AND LOCAL MATERIALS, WHOSE CHARACTERISTICS
- ARE WELL-CONSIDERED IN THEIR SPECIFIC APPLICATION.
- THE ROOF CONSISTS OF RECYCLED TETRAPAK CONTAINERS, BASE WALLS ARE MADE OF RUBBLE STONES,
- SHADE SCREENS ARE MANUFACTURED USING A LOCAL VARIETY OF VETIVER GRASS WHICH IS MOISTENED TO CREATE AN EVAPORATIVE COOLING EFFECT DURING THE SEVERE DRY TROPICAL SUMMER.
- RAINWATER IS COLLECTED AND USED FOR WATER EFFICIENT IRRIGATION.
- THE GREEN AND NATURE FRIENDLY BUILDING IS THE MAIN FEATURE OF THIS PROJECT.
- VERY LOW COST CONSTRUCTION
- WEATHER TIGHT.
- SIMPLE AND COMPACT.

### FLOOR PLAN:



### DESIGN STRATEGY & SPATIAL PLANNING:

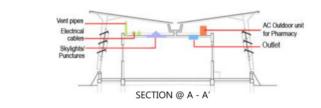
LINEAR FOOTPRINT: COMPACT, ELONGATED LAYOUT PROMOTES DAYLIGHT AND EXTENSIVE CROSS-VENTILATION.

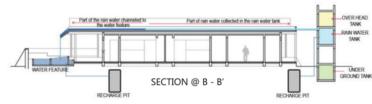
LAYERED SHELL CONCEPT:

CORE CLINIC BLOCK – ENCLOSED, WEATHER-TIGHT, STERILE, BUILT TO FORMAL MEDICAL STANDARDS.

WRAP-AROUND VERANDA – DOUBLE-SKIN BUFFER WITH NATURAL VENTILATION.
LANDSCAPE RING – TERRACES WITH MEDICINAL PLANTS REINFORCE LOCAL ECOLOGY.

### **SECTIONS:**

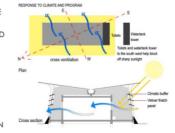




### CLIMATE-RESPONSIVE FEATURES:

EVAPORATIVE COOLING: OUTER SCREENS USE VETIVER GRASS THATCH TO MOISTEN INCOMING AIR, REDUCING TEMPERATURE AND DUST, OPERABLE PANELS ALLOW SEASONAL CONTROL.

ROOF & RAINWATER MANAGEMENT:
CORRUGATED GALVANIZED STEEL ROOF
CHANNELS RAIN INTO A CENTRAL
GUTTER-BEAM. THIS ELIMINATES
WATERPROOFING COSTS, COLLECTS WATER
FOR RECHARGE/STORAGE, AND PROVIDES AN



### MATERIALS:





### HYBRID STRUCTURE:

PORTAL FRAMES USE SLENDER STEEL ANGLES WITH FLY-ASH CEMENT FIBERBOARD COMPOSITE—OPTIMIZING STRENGTH AND MINIMIZING STEEL USE.
PLINTH MADE OF LOCAL RUBBLE STONE ANCHORS THE BUILDING VISUALLY AND RESISTS DILIST.

LOCAL CRAFTSMANSHIP & TRAINING: A CORE TEAM OF SKILLED ARTISANS COLLABORATED WITH LOCAL LABOR, ENHANCING QUALITY AND TRANSFERRING SKILLS.

LAWNS MEDICINAL HERBS ORCHARDS GRASS SHURBS

| Comparison of the c





### VIEWS:





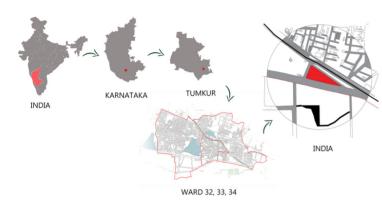




# SITE ANALYSIS

### INDIVIDUAL PROJECT

I OCATION: WARD 34, KYATHSANDRA, NEAR SIDDHAGANGA MATTA, TUMAKURU, KARNATAKA, 572104.



### PROXIMITY:

KYATSANDRA RAILWAY STATION (KIAT): APPROXIMATELY 1.40 KM FROM PROPOSED SITE. THIS IS THE CLOSEST RAILWAY STATION, OFFERING CONVENIENT ACCESS FOR TRAVELERS

TUMKUR RAILWAY STATION (TK): SITUATED ABOUT 7 KM FROM PROPOSED SITE, TUMKUR RAILWAY STATION IS A MAJOR HUB WITH FREQUENT TRAIN SERVICES.

KYATSANDRA BUS STOP: 1 KM FROM PROPOSED SITE, THIS STOP IS SERVED BY KSRTC BUSES. PROVIDING EASY ACCESS FOR VISITORS.

TUMKUR KSRTC BUS STAND: APPROXIMATELY 7 KM FROM THE PROPOSED SITE, THIS CENTRAL BUS STATION OFFERS NUMEROUS ROUTES CONNECTING TUMAKURU WITH OTHER CITIES, INCLUDING BENGALURU

### MAJOR LANDMARKS:



SIDDAGANGA MATHA



KYATSANDRA RAILWAY



KYATSANDRA BUS STOP

### CLIMATE ANALYSIS:

- TUMAKURU HAS A TROPICAL SAVANNA CLIMATE WITH HOT SUMMERS, MODERATE RAINFALL, AND MILD WINTERS
- TEMPERATURE: 15°C TO 39°C ANNUALLY: APRIL IS THE HOTTEST MONTH
- RAINFALL: 700-900 MM/YEAR, MAINLY DURING THE SOUTHWEST MONSOON (JUNE-SEPTEMBER).
- HUMIDITY: RANGES FROM 35% TO 85%, HIGHER DURING MONSOON MONTHS.
- . WIND: PREDOMINANTLY SOUTHWEST WINDS DURING MONSOON; NORTHEAST WINDS IN DRY MONTHS.
- SOLAR EXPOSURE: HIGH THROUGHOUT THE YEAR,

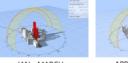
MAJOR WINDS

(MANSOON WINDS)

# NATURAL FEATURE OF THE SITE:

THE SITE IS CURRENTLY OVERGROWN WITH UNPLANNED VEGETATION, INCLUDING RANDOM PLANTS, SHRUBS, AND BUSHES.

SOIL TYPE: RED LOAMY SOILS SITE AREA: 11,011SQM OR 2.72 ACRES TOPOGRAPHY: 842 M



JAN - MARCH APRIL - JUNE

MIMOR WINDS

(WINTER WINDS

SUN ANGLE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR:







### SWOT ANALYSIS

SOUNDS.

### STRENGTH

HIGH VISIBILITY: NH-48 FRONTAGE OFFERS STRONG COMMERCIAL EXPOSURE.

EASY ACCESSIBILITY: CONVENIENT FOR BOTH LOCALS AND HIGHWAY TRAFFIC. **FLAT TOPOGRAPHY: FACILITATES** COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION. URBAN GROWTH ZONE: POSITIONED IN TUMAKURU'S EXPANDING DEVELOPMENT CORRIDOR.

COMMERCIAL GROWTH POTENTIAL: IDEAL FOR RETAIL OUTLETS, HIGHWAY SERVICES, FOOD COURTS, OR MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENTS.

FUTURE URBAN EXPANSION: AS TUMAKURU EXPANDS, THE SITE'S VALUE AND UTILITY FOR COMMERCIAL USE ARE EXPECTED TO GROW.

## WFAKNESS

SUN PATH - THE SUN MOVES FROM EAST TO WEST, FOLLOWING A PATH THAT ARCS

MINOR WINDS - COME FROM THE NORTH-EAST IN WINTER (OCTOBER-FEBRUARY).

NOISE: THE SITE CONECTING BOTH NH-48 AND SH-73 AND FACES CONSTANT TRAFFIC

NOISE FROM HEAVY VEHICLES. WITH ENGINE SOUNDS, HONKING, AND TIRE NOISE DOMINATING. HIGHWAY NOISE OVERSHADOWS ANY MINOR URBAN BACKGROUND

SCENT: THE SITE'S SCENT ENVIRONMENT IS DOMINATED BY VEHICLE EXHAUST FROM NH-48 AND SH-73, WITH OCCASIONAL DIESEL FUMES AND DUST, ESPECIALLY IN DRY SEASONS, NATURAL AROMAS FROM TREES AND OCCASIONAL FOOD SMELLS FROM

NEARBY VENDORS PROVIDE SOME CONTRAST IN SHELTERED AREAS.

MAJOR WINDS - BLOW FROM THE SOUTH-WEST DURING THE MONSOON

ACROSS THE SOUTHERN SKY IN THIS REGION.

**CONTEXTUAL SENSORY OVERVIEW** 

(JUNE-SEPTEMBER), BRINGING RAIN.

AND ARE DRY AND COOL.

NOISE POLLUTION: CONSTANT NH-48 TRAFFIC NOISE MAY AFFECT COMFORT; REQUIRES SOUND MITIGATION. LIMITED TRANSIT ACCESS: POOR PUBLIC TRANSPORT CONNECTIVITY MAY HINDER PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

### THREATS

AIR AND NOISE POLLUTION: PROXIMITY TO HIGHWAY COULD DETER CERTAIN USER GROUPS UNLESS MITIGATED THROUGH THOUGHTFUL DESIGN

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE: DUST, HEAT, AND WIND EXPOSURE COULD IMPACT USER COMFORT WITHOUT PROPER CLIMATIC DESIGN STRATEGIES

# **INFERENCE**

THE SITE ALONG NH-48 OFFERS STRONG POTENTIAL FOR COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT DUE TO ITS HIGH VISIBILITY, EASY ACCESS, AND LOCATION WITHIN TUMAKURU'S GROWING URBAN EDGE. WHILE ISSUES LIKE NOISE, UNMANAGED VEGETATION, AND LIMITED TRANSIT EXIST, THEY CAN BE ADDRESSED WITH SMART PLANNING, ITS FLAT TERRAIN AND HIGHWAY EXPOSURE MAKE IT IDEAL FOR RETAIL OR MIXED-USE PROJECTS, WITH SCOPE FOR A SUSTAINABLE, WELL-INTEGRATED COMMERCIAL HUB.



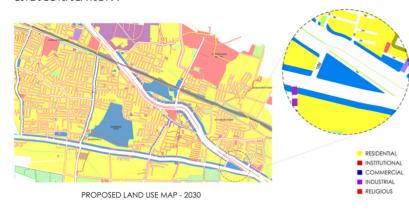
SITE PLAN

STATE HIGHWAY - 73

OPEN, UNDEVELOPED LAND: THE AREA REMAINS LARGELY UNUSED, WITH NO SIGNIFICANT BUILT STRUCTURES OR ACTIVE LAND USE.

SITE JUSTIFICATION, CONCEPT, ZONING AND AREA PROGRAM

### SITE JUSTIFICATION:



 ACCORDING TO THE PREVAILING LAND USE CLASSIFICATION, THE SELECTED SITE IS DESIGNATED FOR COMMERCIAL USE, INDICATING THAT IT IS LEGALLY APPROVED AND INTENDED FOR ACTIVITIES SUCH AS TRADE, BUSINESS, RETAIL, AND OTHER COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES.

THE URDPFI GUIDELINES EXPLICITLY SUPPORT MIXED-LAND-USE IN URBAN AREAS—INCLUDING A BLEND OF HEALTHCARE, COMMERCIAL, AND WELLNESS AMENITIES. THEY ENCOURAGE INTEGRATING SOCIAL FACILITIES (HEALTHCARE) WITH SERVICE/COMMERCIAL USES (CAFETERIA, SHOPS) TO CREATE A HEALTHIER ENVIRONMENT

### PRIMARY HEALTH CARE + MEDITATION & THERAPY CENTRE









KYATSANDRA, A GROWING LOCALITY IN TUMKUR WARD 34, LACKS ADEQUATE HEALTHCARE DESPITE ITS RAPID DEVELOPMENT AND PROXIMITY TO KEY INSTITUTIONS. RESIDENTS CURRENTLY TRAVEL 6-8 KM FOR BASIC MEDICAL SERVICES, CAUSING DELAYS IN EMERGENCIES AND INCREASING DEPENDENCE ON COSTLY PRIVATE CLINICS.

ESTABLISHING A PHC HERE WOULD ENSURE ACCESSIBLE, AFFORDABLE HEALTHCARE, REDUCE THE BURDEN ON CITY HOSPITALS, AND IMPROVE PUBLIC HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR LOCAL AND NEARBY RURAL COMMUNITIES



HEALTH CARE FACILITIES NEAR TO THE PRESINCT



CHINMAYA SPECIALIST CENTRE



DR.SHILPA'S MOTHER CARE SPECIALITY CLINIC

### SCOPE OF THE PROJECT:

- THIS DOO IECT AIMS TO ESTABLISH A DRIMARD HEALTHCARE CENTER IN KYATSANDRA, TUMKUR THAT INTEGRATES ESSENTIAL MEDICAL SERVICES, DIAGNOSTIC LARS, PREVENTIVE WELLNESS PROGRAMS AND ALTERNATIVE HERAPIES LINDER ONE ROOF
- INCLUDE TACTILE PATHS PAMPS (1:15 TO 1:18 THE PROPOSED CENTER WILL SERVE AS A REGIONAL HEALTHCARE NODE THAT ADDRESSES THE IMMEDIATE HEALTH NEEDS OF SLOPE), ACCESSIBLE TOILETS, AND HANDRAILS. THE LOCAL POPULATION WHILE PROMOTING LONG-TERM WELLNESS

### STANDARDS: INDIAN PUBLIC HEALTH STANDARDS (IPHS) - 2022

### 1. SITE & LOCATION STANDARDS

CONCEPT:

**ZONING:** 

•PHC SHOULD BE CENTRALLY LOCATED IN HIGH-DENSITY AREAS.

MUST BE ACCESSIBLE BY ROAD, NOT IN FLOOD-PRONE AREAS. \*ENSURE AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC LITHTIES FLECTRICITY, WATER, SEWAGE, STORM

PER THE "BARRIER-FREE ENVIRONMENT GUIDELINES" OF GOVT. OF INDIA AND THE

PERSONS WITH DISABILITY ACT 2014

\*CONSULTATION ROOM: MINIMUM 12 SQ. M ·LABORATORY: CLEARLY ZONED AREAS ACID/ALKALI-PROOF COUNTERS.

IMMUNIZATION ROOM: 3M X 4M WITH COLD \*IMMUNIZATION ROOM: 3M X 4M WITH COLD \*TORAGE. \*LABOUR ROOM (IF APPLICABLE): MINIMUM 225 SQ FT., PREFERABLY 350 SQ. FT.

•IPD BEDS: PHC: 2 ESSENTIAL + 4 DESIRABLE

ADDITIVE FORM INVOLVES CREATING ARCHITECTURE BY COMBINING OR ASSEMBLING SMALLER

SUBTRACTIVE FORM IS ABOUT CARVING OUT SPACE FROM A SOLID MASS, REPRESENTING

VOLUMES, SYMBOLIZING GROWTH AND PROGRESSION.

INTROSPECTION, HEALING, AND MINIMALISM.

24X7 PHC: 6 ESSENTIAL + 4 DESIRABLE

MUST FOLLOW STATE BUILDING BY-LAWS AND NATIONAL BUILDING CODE (NBC) STANDARDS BUILDINGS MUST BE CLIMATE, DISASTER, AND ENVIRONMENT-RESILIENT.

### 6.WASTE & SANITATION

-RIOMEDICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT MUST FOLLOW BMWM RULES 2016.

SEPARATE SYSTEMS FOR LIQUID, GENERAL.
BIOMEDICAL, AND HAZARDOUS WASTE. \*PROVISION FOR ETP (EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT) WHERE NEEDED.

### 7.SUPPORT INFRASTRUCTURE

\*PARKING FOR STAFF, AMBULANCES, PATIENTS \*PARKING FOR STAFF, AMBULANCES, PATIENTS
 \*GREEN ZONES AND HERBAL GARDENS
 ENCOURAGED
 \*ADEQUATE STORE ROOMS, RECORD STORAGE, AND FLECTRICAL ROOM PER SAFETY NORMS

### Total Built-Un THE TRANSFORMATION OF A SOLID

ARRANGEMENT

MASS INTO A DYNAMIC SPATIAL









### 4. Site Utilization Summary

Pathways + Landscape + Roads

1. Site Details

Total Site Area

FAR (Permitted)

Cafeteria (G)

Meditation Centre (G)

Therapy Centre (G+1)

3. Open Spaces

Recreational Garden

Therapy Garden

Total Open Spaces

Parking Area

Actual Built-Up (Total)

Max Ground Coverage (50%)

Max Built-Up (FAR x Site Area)

Primary Health Centre (G+1)

2. Built-Up Area (Block-Wise)

Item

Category	Area (m²)	% of Site
Built-Up Area (all blocks)	3116.99	28.3
Open Space: Gardens	721.32	6.55
Parking Area	645.04	5.86
Pathways + Landscape + Roads	6527.65	59.29
Total	11011.0	100.0

AREA PROGRAM

5.505.5 m<sup>2</sup>

22,022 m²

3,116.99 m<sup>2</sup>

2.0

Floors

645.99

75 33 645.04

6527.65

7893.01

G+1

G+1

Component

Value

1730.66

545.2

470.18

370.98 3116.99

Area (m²)

Built-Up Area (m²)





### CONCEPTUAL VIEWS

LEGEND









SITE PLAN



# MASTER PLAN

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE & THERAPY CENTRE





PRIMARY HEALTH CARE & CAFETERIA



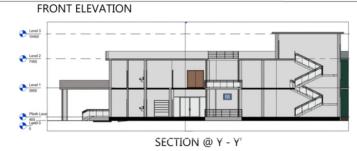


SCALE 1:150

































PLANS, ELEVATION, SECTION & VIEWS



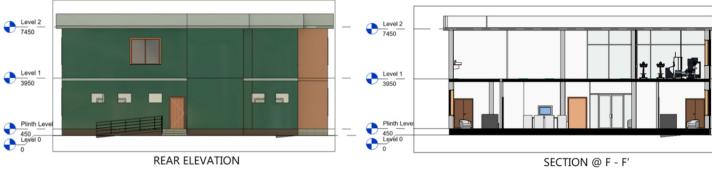






KEY MAP

FRONT ELEVATION



Level 2 7450 Level 1 3950



SECTION @ E - E'

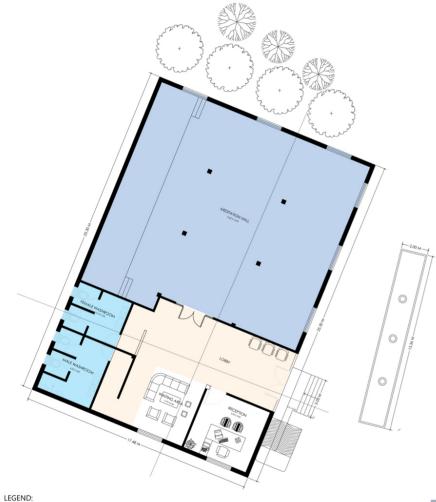






# MEDITATION HALL

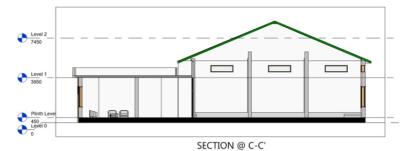
PLAN, ELEVATION, SECTION AND VIEWS

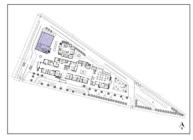


GROUND FLOOR PLAN

CIRCULATION SPACE WASHROOM

SCALE 1:100





KEY MAP







FRONT ELEVATION

















# INDIVIDUAL PROJECT

RENDERED VIEWS

























